



IN ACCORDANCE WITH M.G.L.c. 111D, s. 6.,
**EVIDENCE OF INFECTION* DUE TO THE FOLLOWING
INFECTIOUS AGENTS IS REPORTABLE BY ALL
CLINICAL LABORATORIES**
TO THE MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

*Evidence of infection includes results from culture methods, specific antigen or genomic tests, histology, other microscopy, and clinically-relevant serologic tests. Infection in Massachusetts' residents, ascertained out-of-state, should also be reported.

REPORT IMMEDIATELY BY PHONE!

This includes both suspected and confirmed cases.

Telephone: (617) 983-6800 and ask for the Epidemiologist On-Call

- **REPORT WITHIN 24 HOURS ELECTRONICALLY** or Telephone: (617) 983-6801 Confidential Fax: (617) 983-6813

- *Anaplasma* sp.
- *Babesia* sp.
- ☎ *Bacillus anthracis* → [E]
- *Bordetella pertussis*, *B. bronchiseptica*, *B. holmseii* and *B. parapertussis*
- *Borrelia burgdorferi*
- *Borrelia miyamotoi*
- ☎ *Brucella* sp. → [E]
- *Burkholderia mallei* and *B. pseudomallei* → [E]
- *Calymmatobacterium (Donovania) granulomatis*
- *Campylobacter* sp.
- *Chlamydia trachomatis*
- *Chlamydophila psittaci*
- ☎ *Clostridium botulinum* → [E]
- *Clostridium difficile*
- *Clostridium perfringens*
- ☎ *Clostridium tetani*
- ☎ *Corynebacterium diphtheriae*
- *Coxiella burnetii*
- *Cryptococcus gattii*
- *Cryptococcus neoformans*
- *Cryptosporidium* sp.
- *Cyclospora cayentanensis*
- Dengue virus
- ☎ Eastern equine encephalitis virus → [E]
- *Ehrlichia* sp.
- *Entamoeba histolytica*
- *Enterobacteriaceae*, carbapenemase-producing and or carbapenem-resistant
- Enteroviruses (from CSF)
- *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 or other shiga-toxin producing *E. coli* → [E]
- ☎ *Francisella tularensis* → [E]
- *Giardia* sp.
- ☎ Group A streptococcus, invasive
- Group B streptococcus (from blood, CSF or other normally sterile body fluid)
- *Haemophilus ducreyi*
- ☎ *Haemophilus influenzae* (from blood, CSF or other normally sterile body fluid) → [E]
- ☎ Hantavirus
- ☎ Hemorrhagic fever viruses (including Ebola, Marburg and other filoviruses, arenaviruses, bunyaviruses and flaviviruses)
- ☎ Hepatitis A virus
- Hepatitis B virus
- Hepatitis C virus
- Hepatitis D virus
- Hepatitis E virus
- Herpes simplex virus, neonatal infection (onset within 60 days after birth)
- Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
- Human prion disease (evidence of)
- Influenza virus (→ [E] if antiviral resistant)
- ☎ Influenza A virus, novel → [E]
- *Legionella* sp. → [E]
- *Leptospira* sp.
- *Listeria* sp. → [E]
- Lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus
- ☎ Measles virus → [E]
- Mumps virus → [E]
- *Mycobacterium africanum*, *M. bovis*
- *Mycobacterium leprae*
- ☎ *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* → [E]
- *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* → [E]
- *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*, fluoroquinolone or ceftriaxone resistant → [E]
- ☎ *Neisseria meningitidis* (from blood, CSF or other normally sterile body fluid) → [E]
- Noroviruses
- ☎ Novel coronaviruses causing severe disease → [E]
- *Plasmodium* sp. including *P. falciparum*, *P. malariae*, *P. ovale*, and *P. vivax*
- ☎ Poliovirus
- ☎ Pox viruses, including variola, vaccinia, and other orthopox and parapox viruses
- ☎ Rabies virus
- *Rickettsia akari*
- *Rickettsia prowazekii*
- *Rickettsia rickettsii*
- ☎ Rubella virus
- *Salmonella* sp. (non typhi) → [E]
- ☎ *Salmonella typhi* → [E]
- Shiga-toxin producing organisms → [E]
- *Shigella* sp. → [E]
- Simian herpes virus
- *Staphylococcus aureus* enterotoxin producing organisms
- *Staphylococcus aureus*, methicillin-resistant (MRSA), invasive
- ☎ *Staphylococcus aureus*, vancomycin-intermediate (VISA) and vancomycin-resistant (VRSA) → [E]
- *Streptococcus pneumoniae* (from blood, CSF or other normally sterile body fluid) (→ [E] if patient <18 years)
- *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, invasive, penicillin-resistant
- *Treponema pallidum*
- *Trichinella* sp.
- Varicella-zoster virus
- *Vibrio* sp. → [E]
- ☎ West Nile virus → [E]
- Yellow fever virus
- ☎ *Yersinia pestis* → [E]
- *Yersinia* sp. → [E]



Isolates should be submitted to Hinton State Laboratory

MDPH, its authorized agents, and local boards of health have the authority to collect pertinent information as part of epidemiological investigations. M.G.L. c. 111, s. 7.).